

FORT WORTH DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Publishers and Proprietors.Office: Corner Fifth and Rusk Streets,
FORT WORTH.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

By MAIL—IN ADVANCE—POSTAGE PAID.
Daily and Sunday, one year, \$10.00
Daily and Sunday, six months, \$6.00
Daily and Sunday, three months, \$3.00
Daily and Sunday, one month, \$1.00
By CARRIER in the city and suburbs, 5 cents a week, or \$1 per month.

INSTRUCTIONS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Give Postoffice Address in full, including County and State.
If address is to be changed, give old address as well as new.
The GAZETTE will be sent only for the time for which remittance is made.

POSTAGE.

Entered at the Postoffice in Fort Worth, Tex., as Second-Class Matter.
For the benefit of our patrons who desire to send single copies of THE GAZETTE through the mail, we give herewith the transit rate of postage.
Foreign and Domestic, Post Paid.
Eight and twelve page papers, 1 cent each.
Sixteen and twenty page papers, 2 cents each.

NOTICE.

ALL POSTMASTERS in the state are authorized to take subscriptions to THE GAZETTE.
LITERARY COMMISSEES ALLOWED—Write for terms and sample copy to THE GAZETTE.
REMITTANCES—By draft, check, postoffice money order or registered letter can be sent at our risk. All other character of remittance at sender's risk.
SILVER can be sent in registered letter.
All checks, money orders, etc., must be made payable to THE GAZETTE, Fort Worth, Texas.

REQUEST OF THE PUBLIC.

Persons unable to obtain THE GAZETTE at news agencies, newsstands and in other places where usually sold, will confer a favor by reporting the fact to us, giving dates and particulars.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

THE GAZETTE will not undertake to return rejected manuscripts. Persons wishing to preserve their literary productions should retain copies of all communications sent this office for publication.
All letters or communications for THE GAZETTE, whether on business or for publication, should be addressed to THE GAZETTE, Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Tex., and not to any individual.
All communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. No attention paid to anonymous communications.
Parties writing to THE GAZETTE on business personal to themselves will please enclose stamp or reply.

BRANCH OFFICES.

DALLAS.
C. W. WILSON, Correspondent and business agent. Office: 301 Elm street, where orders for subscriptions and advertising should be left. THE GAZETTE can be found on sale at all news stands in the city.

ARLINGTON, AGENT, 115 North Fourth street.

H. B. DOWNEY, Agent and Correspondent.

E. E. RAPPOLD, Agent and Correspondent.

Office: Postoffice building, 25 Chestnut street, first floor, where all orders for subscriptions and advertising should be left.

GLENNBURG.
W. H. BYRD, Agent and Correspondent.

M. G. FORTWORTH, Agent, 186 West Sixth street.

THE paper kept on file and ADVERTISING RATES may be ascertained at the office of the ASSOCIATION, Temple Court, New York, or from its

EASTERN BUSINESS OFFICE,
47 Tribune Building, New York.

WESTERN BUSINESS OFFICE,
309 "The Hookery," Chicago, Ill.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements for publication in the Sunday edition of THE GAZETTE should be handed in before 8 o'clock Saturday evening. Advertisers will consult their own interest as well as our convenience, by handing this suggestion, as we cannot guarantee the insertion of advertisements received after that hour.

SIO REWARD.

The Democrat Publishing Company will pay the sum of \$100 for the arrest and conviction of any person stealing papers from the residences or offices of subscribers.

TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms, 115 North Fourth street, 115.
Business Office, 309 "The Hookery," 117.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The only traveling press, male or female, that is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE GAZETTE, is the Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

Weather Bulletin.

Special to the Gazette, July 22.—The atmospheric pressure is greatest over the New England states, and least over the upper Mississippi valley and extreme Northwest. The temperature has fallen slightly over the Atlantic states and central Rocky mountain slope, and has remained stationary or fallen slightly in other portions. Rain has fallen over the South Atlantic states and the upper Mississippi valley. In other portions the weather is generally clear. Winds are variable.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

United States signal service cotton region bulletin for twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday, showing the maximum temperature, the minimum temperature and rainfall by inches and hundredths:

	Max.	Min.	Rain.
Galveston	97	81	...
Abilene	94	74	...
Brewster	94	74	...
Brenham	94	74	...
Comstock	94	74	...
Columbia	94	74	...
Carroll	94	74	...
Dallas	94	74	...
DeWitt	94	74	...
Houston	94	74	...
Huntsville	94	74	...
Lawrence	94	74	...
Lubbock	94	74	...
Marshall	94	74	...
McCombs	94	74	...
Meridian	94	74	...
Midland	94	74	...
Odessa	94	74	...
San Antonio	94	74	...
Shreveport	94	74	...
Waco	94	74	...
Weatherford	94	74	...
Mean	94.0	73.3	0.3

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All persons who intend visiting the seashore or country during the summer, and who wish, as everybody does, to keep posted upon home events, should have THE GAZETTE sent to their address. The addresses of subscribers changed are desired.

TO ALL NEWSDEALERS.

As advertised in THE GAZETTE Scholarship announcement, all orders for extra papers from this date to August 1 next, must be accompanied by the cash. This is the rule established, and dealers as well as all others must conform to it. As announced, papers will be supplied dealers at the regular prices.

In order to obtain credit for unsold.

July and August papers dealers must return THE PAPERS ENTERED to this office of our expense by express. No

credit will be given for any paper from which the coupon is clipped, or where the headings only are returned. The unsold copies must be returned entire with the coupon uncut. Return July orders on August 1, and August orders, up to August 15, on August 15.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The checks drawn by the Democrat Publishing Company on the Merchants' National bank will be paid at the Fort Worth National bank.

SALLIE HUFFMAN, Prest.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE GAZETTE will confer a favor on this paper by reporting all failures to get THE GAZETTE on any train coming into Fort Worth, as well as on any train leaving the city. Please give dates and enable us to trace the cause.

WANTED—A leader. Apply to Fort Worth.

THE GAZETTE'S great scholarship contest goes marching on.

The scholarship will be an honor worth winning, and the young ladies evidently appreciate the fact.

QUAY is to resign as chairman of the

Republican executive committee and Dudley as treasurer. One campaign with those ducks in charge is as much as even the Republicans can stand.

WHENEVER and wherever an Alliance

is found endorsing the sub-treasury scheme, it is also found endorsing the alien land law. The alien land law is a part of the sub-treasury plot.

DESTITUTION in Germany is increasing

among the poor. Bread is becoming dearer, and potatoes have risen to four times their usual price. The young kaiser, nevertheless, continues to enjoy himself without thought of cost, and the army is not reduced.

PEOPLE who advocate the alien land

law in its present shape seem utterly unable to comprehend the opposition to it. No man opposes a law to prevent alien land-holding, but thousands oppose a law which goes far beyond the one object desired by all and opposed by none.

THE Austin Statesman grows violent

in language. Don't do it, Charley; it may do for a day, but in the end it is disaster. Take an old friend's advice, based upon experience. People whose patronage and favor are essential to permanent newspaper life and success grow very weary of any newspaper that is violent of speech.

FROM Glasgow comes the news that

Andrew Carnegie is to settle down in Scotland, the land of his nativity. Carnegie has made a great fortune in this country by making steel rails and selling them at high-tariff prices, and now he goes to Scotland to enjoy the spending of it. This is by its friends called the "American system."

THERE is a man in San Antonio who

should be hired by the Waco Day, no matter how high he may come. He is the city attorney of San Antonio, and he writes as an official opinion that a recent case decided by the supreme court was not properly adjudicated. If the day will catch him and put him in the cage with its constitutional expounder, the supreme court and the state's attorney-general will take to the woods when the animals roar.

A KANSAS man is running this ad-

vertisement in a New York paper: REAL ESTATE.—For any Confederate bonds with coupons attached, issued during the war, Address H. D. Booge, Topeka, Kan., U. S. A.

Confederate bonds may be a very fair

exchange for Kansas real estate, but about the only basis of exchange that could be made of such bonds for Texas real estate would be to value them as so much old paper to paper a wall with. Texas land is worth money.

LIVESTOCK dealers and raisers will

find the daily livestock reports of THE GAZETTE invaluable to them. Actual sales are reported daily from St. Louis and Chicago by wire. These sales reports are sent to THE GAZETTE with special reference to Texas, and names of sellers, number of cattle and prices realized are all given. Livestock men should examine THE GAZETTE'S reports.

If the people of Fort Worth want

anything they must work for it. They cannot sit still and expect others to work for them. Other towns are at work and are organized for work, while Fort Worth is not. The result is that Fort Worth gets left, and will continue to get left until its people arouse themselves to the necessity of organized action, get together and go to work intelligently. The Chamber of Commerce is the nucleus, but it is left to struggle along in a feeble way, and Fort Worth hunts around for some scapegoat upon whose shoulders to lay the blame for its own inaction.

THOUGH the exuberant Hon. Ham

Gossett has the discredit of the authorship of the alien land law, there are external evidences that the part he played in the matter was that of a cat's paw. The anti-land agency feature of the bill must have had its origin in the brains of the Alliance legislative committee, for the encouragement and promotion of the great government land loan scheme. As long as men are prohibited from borrowing money where they have been getting it, they will accept any plan that offers them relief. Mr. Gossett deserves well of the sub-treasury and land loan schemes.

The great state of Tennessee seems

to be at the point of hacking down and so wandering to an armed mob of a few

hundred miners. Governor Buchanan is well-disposed to do his duty, but the sheriff of the county, where the troubles lay has cravenly fled from his post of duty, and it is held by the attorney-general that the governor cannot legally do anything to enforce the law as long as the sheriff is absent. In such a condition of affairs the governor should have authority to remove the fugitive sheriff and appoint another, who would second his efforts for the suppression of disorder. If Jim Hogg were governor of Tennessee he would make a way for the law to assert itself.

THE New York Financial Review

says: "The early movement of wheat has attracted attention and forced a steady decline in the rates of exchange. We look for a forced export of gold from England and France much earlier than ever before, if for no other reason than because the exports of wheat will be so large that gold will have to be sent in payment."

Henry Clews says: "A restoration

of confidence is all that is necessary for a restoration of prosperity in this country."

Stop croaking and predicting the eternal smash of everything on earth. If you have money, put it in circulation. If you have no money, at least stop croaking.

FORT WORTH has a street and alley

committee that does its work well, but the city needs a sidewalk committee. The streets of Fort Worth are in splendid condition and are equal to speeding trucks, but the man who is unable to ride has no protection for his shoes or religion. Fort Worth should provide for its poor as well as its rich, and those people who will not put down sidewalks should be compelled to do so. The time for graveled sidewalks is past, and Rusk and Throckmorton should be given sidewalks equal to those on Main and Houston, and there are many streets running at right angles with those mentioned that should have stone or concrete walks. Fort Worth needs a sidewalk committee. People who ride should have attention, but so should people who walk.

AN Eastern Texas exchange, that

can see nothing wrong in the alien land law, says: "While the west and north-west portion of the state is being literally devoured by land sharks and speculators, East Texas is entirely overlooked. Here we have the richest mineral ores in the world, an inexhaustible supply of timber, as fine water as can be desired by reasonable humanity, and a soil, if properly cultivated, that will yield to the husbandman large returns for his labor. Grapes, fruits and vegetables grow to perfection."

Nevertheless, with all of these attractions, the land sharks and speculators "overlook" such desirable lands and go to West and Northwest Texas to "devour" the country.

When a speculator buys land he does

it to profit by an expected advance in value. He is pretty apt to know, from familiar signs, where this advance is going to take place. There he plants his money. He has little use for a country that offers no prospect of advancement. That is why he passes by East Texas and goes to West Texas. He knows West Texas is growing and is bound to keep on growing, if given a fair chance. The course of empire is ever westward.

SELFISHNESS UNPROFITABLE.

The people of Fort Worth may as well take this truth to heart. Whenever men seek their own aggrandizement as an object independent of the progress of the town, they will fail to help themselves or the town. In the growth of Fort Worth is growth for all who have interests in Fort Worth, and those have prospered most who have been wise enough to realize this fact. Some men have in their selfish ambitions sought to benefit themselves regardless of the general progress, and these men have not only failed to benefit themselves but have actually injured others. Fort Worth is too small yet for this kind of work—the people of this city must act together for the general good and be contented with whatever of individual advantage comes to them as an incident of this general progress. Any other policy at this stage of Fort Worth's growth is financial fiasco.

The way to promote Fort Worth's

growth is a very simple one: devise ways and means that will advance the city without regard to wards or streets, or "sides," and in the general progress thus attained all wards and streets and "sides" will share. Envy, jealousy and bickerings belong to narrow-minded people, and a man who cannot see to himself unless he gets the lion's share is sure, soon or late, to come to grief—and if the town is ruled by such a spirit, it will not progress and no one will be benefited.

NEED FOR INVESTIGATION.

Two years and a half of Republican rule under a pious and God-fearing president have impressed the whole people with the absolute need for a thorough investigation of certain departments of the Harrison administration. It is suspected, and the suspicion amounts almost to absolute conviction, that unblushing frauds, unheard-ofascalities and general demoralization abound in high places, and that it was time the light was turned on them. Democrats and Independents of all classes demand an investigation, and Republican leaders look for and expect it. Everybody knows as if by intuition that the next house of representatives is to be first of all an investigating body.

First of all, the administration of the

pension office will be examined. Commissioner Baum will be given a chance to explain a great many things that the people suspect are tainted with fraud and corruption. The pension office is become the financial maelstrom of the government, into whose overwhelming vortex increasing millions of the people's money are being swept almost daily. In its unwholesome precincts are found swarms of those unclean birds of prey called pension sharks, and others that live off of them, all snatching and grabbing and filling their ugly maws with the people's substance. Mr. Baum must and will be investigated. He knows it is coming, and so does Harrison, and yet he has the boldness to say that in the next twelve months he expects to grant pensions on 350,000 original applications on file. That is to say in one year from date he will grant more than half as many pensions as have been granted in the twenty-five years that have elapsed since the war. His reason for rushing business at that rate is that he wishes to get rid of the large force of clerks in the office, and so cut down expenses! A brilliant idea that! Millions on top of millions are to be squandered in order that Baum may effect a saving in clerk hire! That is statesmanship with a vengeance. The real reason doubtless for this wholesale plundering is the fear that there will be a change of rulers at the next presidential election and that the Republicans may never again get a chance to plunge their hands into the national treasury, or enact any more pension legislation.

After Baum comes the Wanamaker,

whose character as a man has been badly smirched in the Keystone bank scandal of Philadelphia. He will be investigated also, and the true inwardness of his relations with the rotten concern made known. If the next house of representatives does not make Baum and Wanamaker wish that they had spent their lives in herding sheep instead of seeking fame in rotten statesmanship, the country will be fearfully disappointed.

WHEN ROGUES FALL OUT, ETC.

There is a war between the Woolen manufacturers' association and the Wool-growers' association. The former has its headquarters in New England, the latter in Ohio. The Wool-growers' association really consists of three men, Delano, Lawrence and Harpster. The two associations got together and fixed up the wool and woolen goods tariff schedules of the McKinley bill. As they fixed them, so did they appear in the bill, and so are they now. They got what they wanted, or thought they did. Of course, it is needless to say that the tariff was advanced in both wool and woolen goods. The three Ohio shepherds were not becoming millionaires fast enough, and insisted on more protection—not for themselves, O, dear no, but for the farmers of the nation, who were being ground down by the pauper wool of South Africa, La Plata and Australia. Well, they got what they asked for, that is, a stiff advance in the wool tariff. As they could not get it without the consent of the woolen manufacturers, the latter were subsidized with an increase also, which quitted their Puritan consciences mightily.

For some reason the increased wool

tariff had an effect quite the contrary from that anticipated. Instead of going up the price of domestic wool has steadily gone down. The disappointment to the three shepherds of Ohio is a sore one. They charge it all to the duplicity and bad faith of the woolen men of New England, who in spite of the increased tariff, continue to buy foreign pauper wool in increasing quantities. They refuse to "whack up" with the shepherds, and allow them their share of the spoils. In other words, the thieves have fallen out, though the rest of the proverb is not being fulfilled.

Judge Lawrence, president of the

Wool Growers' association, has written a public letter charged with dynamite for the woolen men, demanding a total prohibition of imports of foreign wool, and in order to be revenged on the perfidious New Englanders, urges the business men of Cincinnati to get together, raise two or three millions and set up a system of woolen mills that will rob New England of her supremacy in that field of industry.

Here is a fine illustration of the

plundering knavery of the McKinley tariff. Log-rolling conspiracies are organized and the tariff is fixed on certain schedules for certain interests. The conspirators don't pull together, and their explosions of wrath at each other expose the consummate villainy of the whole thing.

The woolgrowers now want to stop

any further importation of wool, so as to compel the home market to purchase their wool at their own prices. As they grow only four and one-half of the ten pounds per capita of wool needed for home consumption, more than half the population would have to go naked if their plans were carried out. But what is that to the ram-raisers and merino statesmen of the wool cabal? If it would make Croesuses of them, they would be willing to see the whole people clad in nothing but sheep skins. That is the sort of statesmanship in which they believe, and which millions of unreflecting blockheads have followed for years, until now the land is filled with poverty, debt, and a swarm of political reform parties, composed in the main of simpletons who swear by the tariff.

A Tariff for Revenue Only.

DISTON, TEX., July 21, 1891.

Editor Gazette.

In your issue of this morning you state that the phrase "a tariff for revenue only" is first found in the Democratic national

platform of 1880. You are certainly mistaken. It was first used in the Democratic national platform of 1876, the year that the great Samuel J. Tilden defeated Rutherford B. Hayes, but was "swindled out" of the presidency by the returning boards of Louisiana and South Carolina, assisted by such shining lights in the Republican party as James A. Garfield and John Sherman. Yours truly,

O. P. POE.

One of the Greatest.

The Fort Worth Daily Gazette now reaches us every morning at 8:40. It is one of the greatest papers in the South, and is much admired. Its editorial utterances are strong and able, and it is not afraid to assert its opinions on men or measures. It gives good and sound reasons for the faith it professes. The Visitor sends greetings to THE GAZETTE, with the hope indulged in that it will continue to "battle for the right."

DALLAS.

AN INJURED HUSBAND FILLS HIS RIVAL WITH SHOT.

A. B. Stevens Admitted to Jail—The Police and Firemen Were on Duty. Adulterated Milk Convicted.

Special to the Gazette.

DALLAS, Tex., July 22.—William Anderson, a negro strong in frame, young in years and lusty-looking, lies on a cot in the hospital ward of the county jail with his head perforated with coarse steel bullets. He was arrested at Grand Prairie this afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Frank Darby and brought to this city and a charge of riot entered against him. Anderson, an eight small holes in his frame, and each one represents a shot. His story is as follows: Near Grand Prairie resides a negro who boasts of a buxom wife among his possessions, Mrs. David Smith, by name. The woman and Anderson loved, and last night or an early hour this morning Anderson visited the home of the woman. Her husband, Tom Smith, occupied another room. The noise attracted the attention of the husband. Anderson fled, leaving his hat and shoes behind. At noon to-day Anderson returned to the house for his shoes and hat. A crowd of negroes caught him, tied him to a fence and gave him a sound whipping, afterwards turning him loose. Anderson struck down the railroad in the vicinity of Arlington, and when within a mile of that place Smith appeared on the scene with a double-barreled shotgun. He planted the contents in the carcass of his rival and then took to the woods. Anderson was found by Deputy Sheriff Darby in the Grand Prairie neighborhood scouting for the injured husband with the double-barreled gun.

Approximately \$1,000.

A. B. Stevens, a farmer of Richardson, was admitted to jail in the sum of \$750 to-day. He is charged with incest with his daughter, Lavonia, who is only sixteen years of age.

COURT NEWS.

Zeb Davis, charged with burglarizing the Dallas elevator, escaped the pen by a Hoffman. The Texas Court of Criminal Appeals has granted a writ of habeas corpus to a man who had been taken from a corporation created and doing business by authority of the laws of Texas. The elevator is working under a Michigan charter, hence the injunction was granted. The prisoner released. Henry Stevens, a negro charged with perjury, was acquitted by the jury. Stella Lewis, a pretty little woman, claiming to be a divorcee from S. C. Lewis, and William Lonschew filed suit for a divorce from his wife Nettie. In the first case cruelty and non-support caused the rupture, and in the second case it is alleged that the wife has fallen by the wayside.

FAILED TO MATERIALIZE.

The Y. M. C. A. tendered a reception to the police and firemen last night. Five of the former and two of the latter showed up, devoured the refreshments and listened to an able sermon by Dr. Simms.

LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

John Shadron, a well-known bricklayer and leader of the trade unionists, has been made foreman of the new courthouse, and the demands of the unions will be recognized by the contractor. The bricklayers they have been barred, or barred themselves.

ANOTHER WELL.

Frank Cockrell is sinking an artesian well in the north end of the city. It has reached a depth of 700 feet. Another well is going down at First street station, Oak Cliff.

W. E. ATWOOD, milkman, was convicted

of selling adulterated milk in the police court again this morning and fined \$50 and costs. Dr. Graves, the city chemist, is suing to compel the city to remove the milk and is backed by almost the entire community.

OLD CITIZEN GONE.

Daniel Petzer, an old and respected citizen, was buried to-day. He had resided in Dallas sixteen years, and was sixty-five years old.

SPORTING NEWS.

The wrestling match between Turner and Shields promises to draw a large audience Saturday evening. Betting is growing lively, and even money is the rule rather than the exception. The sports were disgusted to-night when a telegram came from St. Paul announcing the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight off. Bobby had been backed liberally, and his friends and admirers were disappointed with the interference of Governor Merriam. Charlie Johnson knocked out a big negro at the Camp street opera house last night. The authorities have made no attempt to interfere with the prize fight, and in this city, which are prohibited by the new law.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Eugene Marshall, United States district attorney, has returned from Galveston, where he passed his vacation.

Col. Jed Waldo, vice-president and general manager of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, departed for Sedalia, Mo., this morning.

John H. Cullom, editor of the Garland News, was in the city to-day. He says the crops are magnificent, particularly cotton, and that the farmers are solid for the alien land law and against the sub-treasury and a third party.

OAK CLIFF AFFAIRS.

OAK CLIFF, TEXAS, July 22.—An open party of thirty couples came over from Fort Worth to-night and attended the performance at the opera house. "Boccaccio" was the attraction, and a large audience was present.

Col. Tom L. Marsalis is expected home from New York this week. He has obtained an extension of three years to settle on the affairs of the Dallas land loan company, which business he recently passed into the hands of an assignee.

Subscribe for the Weekly GAZETTE.

Montague Grand Jury Work.

Special to the Gazette.

Montague, Montague County, Tex., July 22.—The grand jury up to date have returned thirty-eight true bills, seventeen of which are for felony and thirty-one misdemeanors. The criminal docket will be taken up Monday next.

THE GAZETTE MACHINE.

How the People Can Save \$25 on a First-Class Sewing Machine.

A sewing machine is a household necessity, and when a first-class machine, equal in all respects to other machines, can be bought for one-half the money, it is a part of wisdom and economy to save the useless expenditure. Ladies who wish to buy a first-class high-arm No. 4 sewing machine can see such a machine at THE GAZETTE business office, and they can buy such a machine for only \$25 if they subscribe to the weekly, daily or Sunday GAZETTE. THE GAZETTE invites the ladies to call.

platform of 1880. You are certainly mistaken. It was first used in the Democratic national platform of 1876, the year that the great Samuel J. Tilden defeated Rutherford B. Hayes, but was "swindled out" of the presidency by the returning boards of Louisiana and South Carolina, assisted by such shining lights in the Republican party as James A. Garfield and John Sherman. Yours truly,